## VEER SURENDRA SAI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (VSSUT), ODISHA Odd Mid Semester Examination for Academic Session 2025-26

COURSE NAME: B.Tech SEMESTER: 3RD BRANCH NAME: PRODUCTION ENGINEERING SUBJECT NAME: THERMAL & FLUID ENGINEERING TIME: 90 Minutes **FULL MARKS: 30** Answer All Questions. The figures in the right hand margin indicate Marks. Symbols carry usual meaning.  $|2 \times 3|$ Answer all Questions. Q1. What are the different types of Thermal Equilibriums? Briefly explain. - CO1 What do you mean by free expansion? What are the conditions when an ideal gas undergoes - CO2 b) free expansion? - CO3 Define exergy. Mention different types of exergy. [8] Q2. What are Heat and Work? How is work said to be positive or negative in Thermodynamics? - CO1 What are various processes of Work transfer? What is steady flow? Derive the steady state energy equation of 1st law of thermodynamics - CO1 of an open system? [8] Q3. A fluid system contained in a piston cylinder machine passes through a complete cycle of - CO2 four processes. The summation of heat transfer is -350 KJ/cycle. The system completes 250 cycle per minute. Complete the following table and find the network transfer in K watt. dU(KJ/min) W(KJ/min) Q(KJ/min) **Process** ? 4340 0 1-2 ? 0 42000 2-3 -73200 ? -4200 3-4 ? |4|+|4|4-1 OR A non-flow reversible (quasi-static process) can be written down by an equation - CO2  $p = (v^2 + 8/v)$  bar. Determine the work done if volume changes from 1 to  $3m^3$ . a) Work done by substance in a reversible non-flow manner is in accordance with v = (15/p) m<sup>3</sup>, where p is in bar. Evaluate the work done on or by the system as pressure increases from 10 to 100 bar. Indicate whether it is a compression process or expansion process. [8] - CO3 Q4. Differentiate between i) specific heat and latent heat.

ii) Enthalpy and Entropy

Define 2<sup>nd</sup> law of thermodynamics. What are the two statements given by 2<sup>nd</sup> law of - CO3 thermodynamics. Discuss both the statements briefly.

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